Occupational Fraud and Abuse Statistics

Only 12% of frauds are committed by previous fraudsters. Most frauds are committed by apparently honest employees.

The median recovery cost among victim organizations is only 20% of the original loss. Almost 40% of victims recover nothing.

Fraud is committed:

- 41.8% in private companies
- + 30.3% in public companies
- ✤ 15.8% in government
- + 12.2% in not for profit organizations

46% of frauds committed are towards small companies that employ fewer than 100 people.

Typical US organization loses 6% of its annual revenue to fraud

Initial Fraud Detection

- + Tip 39.6%
- Internal Audit 23.8%
- ✤ By Accident 21.3%
- + Internal Controls 18.4%
- + External Audit 10.9%
- Notified by the police 0.9%

Tips

- 60% from employees
- + 20% from customers
- + 16% from vendors
- + 13% from anonymous sources

3 Major Categories

- + 92.7% Asset Misappropriation involves the theft or misuse of an organization's assets
- + 30.1% Corruption procuring a benefit for themselves or another person, contrary to their duty to their employer or the rights of others
- 7.9% Fraudulent schemes falsification of an organization's financial statements

Cash Fraud

- + 74.1% Fraudulent disbursements false invoices, forging cheques
- + 28.2% Skimming cash is stolen before it is recorded on the books
- + 23.9% **Cash Larceny** cash is stolen after it is recorded

Age = Fraud

- **rraud** + >60 2%
- + 51-60 15.1%
- + 41-50 − 32.0%
- **+** 36-40 − 16.2%
- + 31-35 18.0%
- + 26-30 10.7%

Education = Fraud

- High School or less 49.5%
 - Bachelor Degree 41.5%
- + Postgraduate 9.1%

of Perpetrators

- ✤ One 65.1%
- Two or more 34.9%

Source: ACFE Report to the Nation on Occupational Fraud and Abuse